

WELCOME

- We will start promptly at 12:00pm
- Q&A is OPEN we encourage you to post questions for today and for future seminars.
- Resources (recording, slides, links & more) will be available after the presentation.
- The session will be recorded, and we will be sharing the recording publicly. Please contact us if this raises any issues for you.

THE IMPLEMENTATION CAFÉ

brewing ideas for research impact



Acknowledgment of Country





Edith Cowan University acknowledges and respects the Noongar people, who are the traditional custodians of the land upon which its campuses stand and its programs operate. In particular, ECU pays its respects to the Noongar Elders, past and present, and embraces their culture, wisdom and knowledge.

Recap



September Journal club...

- What is organisational readiness?
- Measuring organisational readiness
- Prof. Nigel Spry Boundary spanner and 'champion'
- Strategies to success CFIR, Inner-outer setting,
- Implementation climate no one best way so dive in!

Organizational
Change
Readiness
Assessment

Consumer and Community Involvement (CCI)

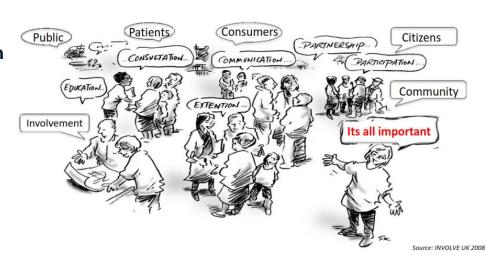


Key terms and definitions

Consumers and community members include people with lived experience of a health condition or service, their support people, carers, advocates and people from patient advocate group.

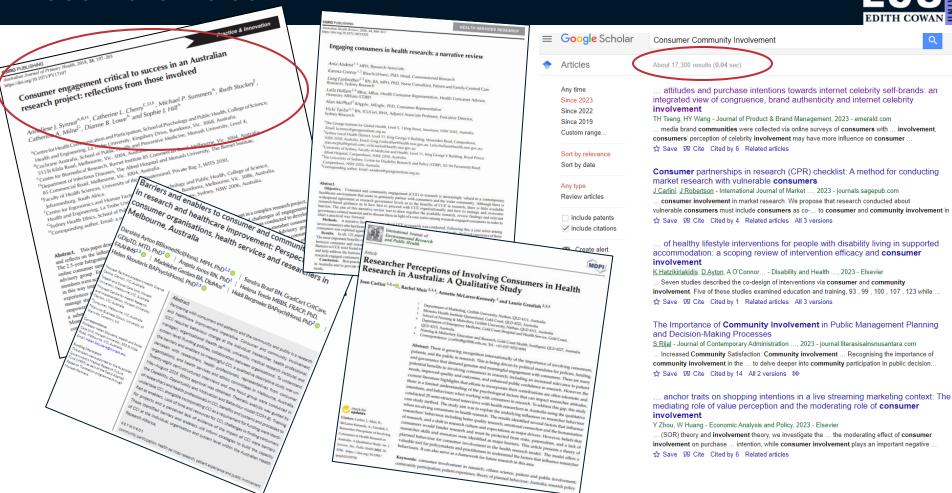
Involvement (Engagement) is a bi-directional relationship between consumer stakeholders and members of a research team.

CCI is conduct of ethical research that happens with the community rather than **to** or **for** the community (Think co-design! Collaboration! Co-production!).



Journal articles





People involved



Recruitment of the consumer advisory group...

The researchers sought to include people affected by MS (both genders, different MS types) having some familiarity with research and connection with the broader MS community.

Four consumers were approached by M. P. Summers (all accepted the invitation), with this number felt sufficient for meaningful interaction while still providing opportunity for all to contribute.





- Healthcare and academic backgrounds.
- Actively involved in MS consumer groups.



- Represented people with MS for 30< years.
- Actively involved in MS consumer
 groups.
- Involved in research projects.



- · Content specialist.
- Previous experience with developing information resources for people with MS.

Consumer engagement activities



Table 1. Detailed consumer advisory group member engagement activities and methods of engagement, mapped against research stages and phases IN-DEEP, Integrating and Deriving Evidence Experiences and Preferences; MS, multiple sclerosis

Research phase	Advisory group ectivities	Methods of engagement used
Planning	Input into focus group questions and structure	Face-to-face meeting, where proposed focus group approach was presented and feedback sought.
Conduct	Suggested networks for recruitment	Suggestions sought over email, with request to forward on the e-invitation to others.
Dissemination and translation	Provided advice on implications of findings for Stages 2 and 3	Face-to-face meeting using facilitated discussion (each person individually invited to provide reflections and advice). Provisional focus group results (thematic analysis) were emailed 1 week in advance.
Planning	Prioritised which reviews to include on website	Emailed list of potential reviews, along with proposed criteria for selecting reviews. Invited to comment on appropriateness of proposed criteria, and nominate up to 10 reviews for the website.
Conduct	Reviewed and revised early website testing materials	Face-to-face meeting, using facilitated discussion to seek feedback and revisions from each person individually, followed by group discussion. Provisional website structure and materials were circulated 1 week in advance over email.
Dissemination and translation	Reviewed and edited website documents after review panels with participants	Face-to-face meeting, in which the results of the review panels and a list of proposed changes were presented to the group, followed by facilitated discussion. All documents were circulated 1 week in advance over email. Additional <i>ad hoc</i> input sought over email, for advice about how best to report or describe specific aspects of the website material.
Planning	Reviewed evaluation questions	Draft questions provided over email, and feedback invited.
Conduct	Suggested networks for recruitment	Suggestions sought over email, with request to forward on e-invitation to others.
Dissemination and translation	Spoke at website launch	One advisory group member (C. L. Cherry) spoke about her experiences of being involved in the study at the launch held at the MS Australia offices.
	Disseminated website to networks	Emailed promotional materials and invited to forward on to networks, including by social media.
	O-authored journal article	Emailed an early outline and pre-final drafts of manuscripts for comment and contribution.
	Discussed ideas for future research	Face-to-face meeting, free discussion of ideas for possible future research projects that could be developed into funding proposals.

Benefits, enablers of CCI



For advisory group members, the key benefit was making a valued contribution to research that would assist the MS community, drawing upon their personal experiences or years of talking to people with MS. For example, C. L. Cherry felt the researchers

Advisory group members also felt valued, empowered and satisfied. R. Stuckey found it empowering to draw on often difficult previous personal experiences, challenges and disappointments to provide useful, constructive input to others. She found combining personal experience and professional expertise to inform and enrich the work very satisfying.

conversations. R. Stuckey felt it was particularly important she could share the experiences of people who would not have the confidence or opportunity to participate in research themselves.

and appropriately used. Seemingly small things, such as involvement by advisory group members in the website launch and presentation, made involvement seem valued and not token.

happening and found the opportunity to be involved was 'just amazing'. Having spent years talking to people with MS and their

The researchers were sometimes concerned their idealism to share research-based treatment information was a 'researcher aim' and not necessarily relevant for people facing decision-making dilemmas in the 'real world'. Regular discussions with advisory group members provided a more balanced perspective and helped confirm researchers' view that aiming to share evidence was beneficial, even if it did not meet all of peoples' needs.

A critical enabler was the brokering or boundary-spanning role played by M. P. Summers. The term 'knowledge broker' is more commonly used in evidence to policy and practice literature, meaning someone who can 'facilitate transactions and the flow of information between people or groups separated or hindered by some gap or barrier' (Long *et al.* 2013, p. 1). Such barriers can

Challenges to CCI



For both researchers and advisory group members, the primary challenge was that MS is a chronic, disabling, unpredictable condition. This directly affected the group, with one member unable to continue past the first meeting. Subsequently, careful attention was paid by researchers to the physical needs of and demands on members, including selecting meeting venues with adequate air conditioning (people with MS often experience heat sensitivity) and easy parking and access.

Levels of CCI





Examples

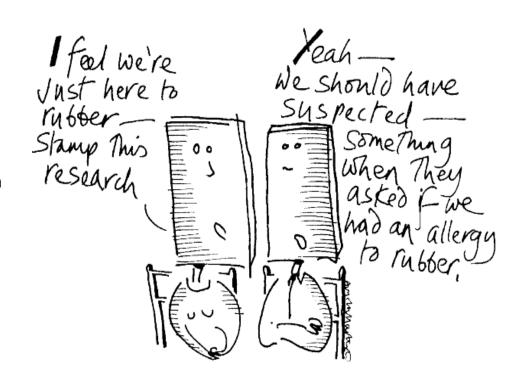


Case examples:

- Women's views/experiences of maternity care
- Midwives' views/experiences of their practice environment

When you work with populations who give or who use health care ...

- 1. Not a bad idea to adopt a trauma-informed approach
- 2. Budget more time than you think because of peoples' differing...
 - priorities
 - sense of urgency
 - energy levels
 - attention capacity
 - clarity / lens
 - etc.





MARY!

- 1. Funding bodies and grant writing.
- 2. Human Research Ethics Committee requirements (Segway into Nov journal club)



CCI take aways



What it's not about...

Researchers just raising awareness of their research.

CCI being treated as 'participants' taking part in research.

An opportunity to 'tick the box' on grant application.

Securing funding and publications.





The difference...

Collaboration

Involvement

Engagement

CCI Resources



Support & advice available for WA researchers



The Consumer and Community Health Research Network



Website: www.involvingpeopleinresearch.org.au



ECU INTERNAL LINK: https://intranet.ecu.edu.au/research/for-research-staff/research-journey/getting-started/wahtn-consumer-and-community-involvement





Next session 27th November

Including implementation when writing grants